

Kiwa Watertec - EG001

Issue No 4 – 31.08.2021

Evaluation Guideline

for the Kiwa Watertec certificate for

- Thermostatic Mixing Valves (Type 2 and Type 3)
- Tempering valves
- Attestation Level 1+ or 3



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Progress**



Preface

This evaluation guideline has been accepted by the Kiwa Watertec Expert Group, in which parties concerned in the Drinking Water sector in the UK are being represented. This Kiwa Watertec Expert Group also supervises the certification activities and where necessary requires this guideline to be revised.

This evaluation guideline will be used by Kiwa Watertec in conjunction with the Kiwa-Regulations for Product Certification. This regulation details the method employed by Kiwa for conducting the necessary investigations prior to issuing the product certificate and the method of external control.

The Kiwa-Regulations for Product Certification also refer to the “Kiwa Regulations for the Board of Appeal”. In reference to what has been mentioned in clause 2.1 of these regulations, the chairman and deputy chairman do not need to have a university degree in law.

This evaluation guideline is to be assessed by the Kiwa Watertec Expert Group at least every 5 years, but at the latest before 31st August 2026.

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The use of this evaluation guideline by third parties, for any purpose whatsoever, is only allowed after a written agreement is made with Kiwa to this end.

Validation

This evaluation guideline has been validated by Kiwa Watertec on 31st August 2021.



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1 Introduction

1.1 General

This evaluation guideline includes all relevant requirements which will be used by Kiwa Watertec as the basis for the issue and maintenance of an EN-ISO –IEC 17065 product certification that verifies compliance with the following standards:

EN 1111 (Type 2) Thermostatic mixing valves (high pressure).

EN 1287 (Type 2) Thermostatic mixing valves (low pressure).

Department of Health (DoH) D 08 (Type 3) thermostatic mixing valves (healthcare premises) (high and low pressure).

EN 15092 tempering valves.

UK Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations/Byelaws – Regulation 4(1)(a) in that the standards detailed above are considered to be appropriate.

Type 2, Type 3 and tempering valve certification include alternatives for the level of surveillance required, these being:

Level 1+ requiring

- initial type testing
- initial and annual inspection of the manufacturing plant(s) factory production control (fpc)
- initial and annual inspection/review of the non-metallic materials in contact with water and compliance with BS 6920
- On-going type testing (external or self-assessment) that will be confirmed at the time of certification

The certification period being indefinite if all the schemes' requirements are satisfied.

Level 3 requiring

- initial type testing
- initial verification of factory production control (ISO 9001 or verification of fpc)
- initial review of the non-metallic materials in contact with water and compliance with BS 6920

The certification period is 5 years and will require re-type testing etc as detailed above.

Secondary certification holders will be required to have ISO 9001 or their fpc must be verified as being acceptable with their certification period being the same as the primary product.

1.2 Field of application / scope

Thermostatic mixing valves are intended for application in water installations with a static water pressure of maximum 10 bar and a maximum water temperature of 90°C. The recommended limits being 5 bar dynamic and 65°C

Tempering valves are intended for application in water installations with a static water pressure of maximum 10 bar and a maximum water temperature of 90°C. The recommended limits being 5 bar dynamic and 80°C

Thermostatic mixing valves are distinguished **by their type:**

- Type 2: thermostatic mixing valve for **domestic use**, referred in Part G of the UK Building Regulations clause 3.65. Scottish Building standards and Building Control Northern Ireland
- Type 3: thermostatic mixing valve for **healthcare use**, referred in Department of Health, Health Technical Memorandum (HTM) 04-01 Part A and B, England, Wales, and Northern Ireland and SHTM 04-01 NHS Scotland

Thermostatic mixing valves are designated **by their pressure:**

HP (high Pressure)

LP (low pressure)

Thermostatic mixing valves are also designated **by their use:**

- Bath/Tub (T) or T44 or T46 for Type 3 (healthcare use)
- Shower (S)
- Washbasin (W)
- Bidet (B)
- Diverter (D) (healthcare use only)

The valves can then be designated for their intended use:

High pressure shower – HP-S

Low pressure bath shower mixer LP-S-T

Tempering valves are distinguished by their type



Type 1 non-adjustable, with pre-set temperature, referred to in Part G of the UK Building Regulations clause 3.64
 Type 2 adjustable with or without tool and with pre-set temperature, referred to in the UK Building Regulations.
The recommended limits for correct operation for TMV's and tempering valves are indicated in the table below.

	Type 2 TMV		Type 3 TMV		Tempering valves BS EN 15092
	Low Pressure BS EN 1287	High Pressure BS EN 1111	Low Pressure DoH Spec D 08	High Pressure Doh Spec D 08	
Flow Pressure, Hot & Cold (Bar)	0.1 to 1	0.5 to 5	0.2 to 1	1 to 5	1 to 5
Hot Supply Temperature (°C)	55 to 65	55 to 65	55 to 65	55 to 65	60 to 80
Cold Supply Temperature (°C)	≤ 25	≤ 25	5 to 20	5 to 20	≤ 25

Kiwa are offering as an option an opportunity to test products against the Unified Water Label (UWL) performance criteria, the KIWAreg4 certification can then be used to become a UWL marked product.

1.3 Acceptance of test reports provided by the supplier

When test reports from an EN-ISO/IEC 17025 accredited laboratory are supplied to demonstrate that the product meets the requirements of this evaluation guideline, Kiwa Watertec must approve the test laboratory.

The laboratory shall be accredited to EN-ISO/IEC 17025 and include within their scope of accreditation the standards or specifications referred in this evaluation guideline.

These requirements are considered to have been fulfilled when a certificate of accreditation can be shown, either issued by UKAS or one of the institutions with which UKAS has an agreement of mutual acceptance.

When no certificate of accreditation can be shown, Kiwa Watertec will verify whether the test report(s) and the testing is undertaken is acceptable and traceable.

Validity of tests reports to be 5 years or as determined by the Kiwa Watertec Expert Group.

Kiwa Watertec will reserve the right to inspect the laboratory and require inter-laboratory trials and details of the laboratory procedures (in English) for testing and to carry out site-inspections, as necessary.

1.4 Acceptance of products that have an existing certification

Applicants who have an existing non Kiwa certification that requires a Type 2/3 or tempering valve certification, must complete, and return the form AA1 for each certification required. Kiwa will review and if appropriate issue certification.

1.5 Type2/3/tempering valve certificate

The certificate to be issued by Kiwa Watertec is described as the Kiwa Watertec product certificate. A model of the certificate to be issued based on this Evaluation Guideline has been included in Annex A.

Certified products will be shown on the KIWA Watertec website and will detail a brief description of the certified product(s) and details of the certification holder.

Certification will relate solely to the product(s) referred to in the Kiwa Watertec certificate. Statements by certification holders must refer only to the specifically certified product(s) as designated by the unique model reference.



2 Terms and definitions

For the products as referred to in this evaluation guideline the following terms and definitions are applicable:

Audit Testing: During the certification period Type 2 and Type 3 valves must undergo limited performance testing to verify that the valve(s) continue to satisfy agreed performance criteria.

Board of Experts (expert group): A board set up by Kiwa Watertec, in which interested parties in the UK Drinking Water sector having a major interest in the development of policies and principles regarding the content and functioning of a certification system may participate and are represented”.

Certificate holder: the entity that enters the Kiwa UK certification agreement.

Evaluation Guideline: details the process and requirements for certification and is agreed by the Board of Experts.

Initial inspection: initial audit of the manufacturing facility/site verifying their Internal quality control; (IQC). This is for attestation level 1+ only.

Inspection plan: details the initial and on-going expectations required to be undertaken to maintain certification. **For level 1+ the inspection plan will** detail a summary of the tests required post initial certification.

IQC scheme: (Internal Quality Control): A description of the minimum expectations of the inspections required to be carried out by the supplier(manufacturer). For attestation Level 1+ only.

Pre-certification evaluation: an assessment including functional testing, materials are acceptable and that the quality system is adequate in order to ascertain that all the requirements detailed in the Evaluation Guidelines are satisfied.

Primary certification: applicant who gains the initial certification of the product.

Product certificate: a document, in which Kiwa declares that a product may, on delivery, be deemed to comply with the product specification recorded in the product certificate.

Regulators Specifications’: series of test criteria applied to water products that can be used to determine that a water using product is compliant with the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations/Byelaws.

Secondary certification (private label): applicant who does not manufacture product but uses already certified Type 2/3 or tempering valve product(s).

Supplier (manufacturer) the party that is responsible for ensuring that the product(s) meet and continues to meet the requirements on which the certification is issued.

Surveillance Inspection: on-going audit of the manufacturing facility/site (level 1+ only) carried out after the certification has been issued. Verification that the fpc system and systems in place for the certified product(s) continues to satisfy the requirements recorded in the inspection plan within the certification cycle.

Tempering valve: valve to reduce the temperature of sanitary hot water for distribution throughout the hot water system. The valves are intended to be used with storage water heaters to provide tempered hot water to the terminal fitting. They are not intended to control the temperature at the point of use. Tempering valves control the distribution temperature from a water heater to a pre-set value or an adjustable range, both between 45 °C and 65 °C.

Thermostatic mixing valves: valve to compensate variations in pressure and/or temperature of the incoming water supplies and mixes hot and cold water and automatically controls the mixed water to a user-selected or pre-set temperature.

Third Party certification: applies for a primary certification who does not manufacture product and the manufacture does not have Type 2/3/tempering valve certification.

Water Fittings Includes pipes, taps, ferrules, valves, cisterns, mixing valves and similar apparatus used in connection with the supply of water within a building.



Water Regulations are defined in the following:

UK Regulators Specifications	A set of test criteria issued by the UK Government for compliance with the UK Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999.
UK Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999.	UK Government Regulations protecting the supply of wholesome water supplied by the Water Undertaker
The Water Byelaws (Water Fittings) (Scotland) Byelaws 2014	Scotland Government Regulations protecting the supply of wholesome water supplied by the Water Undertaker
The Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2009	Northern Ireland Government Regulations protecting the supply of wholesome water supplied by the Water Undertaker

Wholesome water. Water supplied by a water undertaker and complying with the requirements of regulations made under section 67 of the Water Industry act 1991. Wholesome water complies with the Drinking Water Directive and is intended for drinking, cooking, food preparation or other domestic purposes (also referred to as Potable Water or drinking water).

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3 Process for gaining Certification (evaluation process)

3.1 Evaluation process

- Applicants must complete and return the application form A3 or if supporting evidence is being provided from other test laboratories then form AA1 must be completed
- The application will be managed by a Project Manager (PM) who will either request further information or will process the application and documentation supplied. The installation documentation required will vary between Thermostatic valves (Type 2, Type 3) and tempering valves
- A sample number is assigned for each application made
- A quote and certification agreement are produced that details the cost for certification and the applicable tests to be undertaken. The certification agreement also refers to the activities related to obtaining and maintaining the Kiwa Watertec Certification for the product(s) detailed in the application document
- The certification agreement must be signed by the applicant and the manufacture of the product (if different) and if the product is not already certified by the manufacture
- The signed certification agreement and any information requested is returned to the PM
- Outstanding queries are resolved between the applicant and the PM and a final contract review of the application is undertaken
- Test samples are requested (SR1) or test reports are evaluated
- Samples received and then tested
- For level 1+, the on-site inspection of the manufacturing premises is arranged and undertaken, see clause 8
- For level 3, the FPC is evaluated by either providing the applicants ISO 9001 certificate or details of their quality system, see clause 8
- If the evaluations are satisfactorily completed, then the certification file is collated with the following
 - Test results after evaluation
 - Initial inspection of the manufacture/supplier (1+ only)
 - ISO 9001 or FPC
 - Non-Metallic materials are compliant with BS 6920
 - Supporting evidence is available (installation documents/drawings, application fpc etc)
- Certification file is reviewed
- The certification decision is made as detailed in ISO/IEC 17065 (clause 7.6)
- The Kiwa website is updated
- The product certification certificate is produced and sent to the applicant
- For 1+ certification the inspection (audit) plan is developed

3.2 Pre certification evaluation & initial inspection

The pre-certification evaluation and testing to be undertaken is based on the type i.e., TMV or tempering and for TMV's domestic use or healthcare use:

- type testing (mechanical)
 - EN 1111 for High pressure TMV's
 - EN 1287 for Low pressure TMV's
 - DoH D 08 for TMV's used in healthcare
 - EN 15092 for tempering valves
- verification of the suitability of materials in contact with drinking water to determine whether the product(s) comply with the requirements of the scheme
- initial inspection of the manufacturing facilities for 1+ Note: this is not required if already a Kiwa Certified Company and the production facility is already inspected annually
- Assessment of the fpc for level 3
- Installation documentation is provided that details minimum requirements

3.3 Additions and modifications to an existing certificate

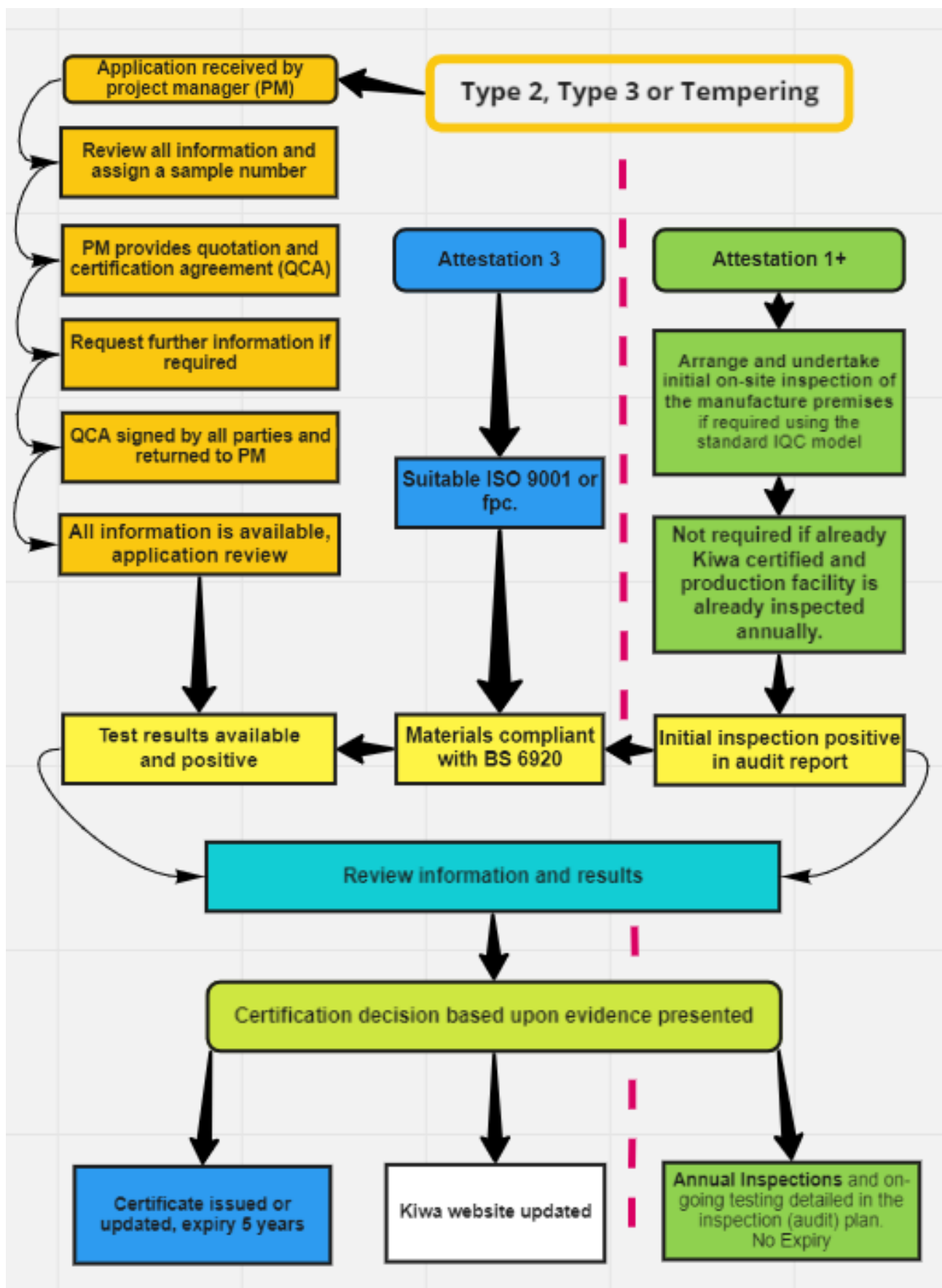
Additions and or modifications to an existing certificate will need to be fully documented and agreed prior to the modification(s) being agreed or the additions to be listed. The Type 2/3/tempering scheme will need to be notified by the primary certification holder of the addition/modification by completing and returning the application form A3 along with supporting documentation. A decision will then be made by KUK certification upon how to progress to accommodate the addition and or modification, see 10.11.

3.4 Granting of the certificate

After finishing the pre-certification examination, the results are collated and presented to the decision-maker for consideration. This person evaluates the results and decides whether the certificate can be granted or additional data and/or tests are necessary as stated in ISO 17065 (Clause 7.6.2).



Flow Chart for a new application, an application for a modified product or an additional product to range





4 Requirements and test methods

4.1 General

This chapter contains the requirements that thermostatic mixing valves and tempering valves must be compliant with to be issued with Type 2, Type 3 or tempering valve certification. These requirements will form part of the technical specification of the products, as included in the certificate.

4.2 Product requirements and test methods

The requirements the products shall satisfy, and the respective test methods that are detailed in the following standards:

Domestic thermostatic mixing valves (Type 2)

BS EN 1111:2017 Sanitary tapware - Thermostatic mixing valves (PN 10).

And or

BS EN 1287:2017 Sanitary tapware - Low pressure thermostatic mixing valves.

Healthcare thermostatic mixing valves (Type 3)

Department of Health - Health Technical Memorandum 04-01: Supplement Performance specification D 08: thermostatic mixing valves (healthcare premises).

Tempering mixing valves

BS EN 15092:2008 Building valves - Inline hot water supply tempering valves.

Deviations and interpretations from the text detailed in the standards can be made and will be documented by Kiwa Watertec.

4.3 Materials in contact with water

The standards detailed above include a statement that all materials coming into contact with water intended for human consumption shall present no health risk or cause any change to the water in terms of quality, appearance, smell or taste

For the UK, the accepted method for compliance is verification that the non-metallic materials in contact with water shall meet the requirements of BS 6920 and be subject to re-assessment of the materials in contact with drinking water every five years, see evaluation guideline EG004.

4.4 Additional specifications:

The following additional requirements are applicable:

4.5 Economy or water saving flowrates.

The TMV standards specify the flowrate requirements for the valves intended use.

If the valves do not satisfy the normal flowrate requirements, then there is an option for the valve to be classed as water saving or be classified as an economy valve (excluding bath/tub use). This economy classification must be detailed in the valve's designations, see the information required in clause 6

- Type 2 TMV (excluding bath/tube use and only applicable to HP valves) for the water saving designation the mixed water flow rate is between 4.8 and 12 litre/minute
- Type 3 TMV, (excluding bath/tub use) for the economy designation the mixed water flow rate is less than 8 litre/minute

4.6 Optional additional testing

Unified Water label performance criteria for water consumption. This criterion details the maximum flow, volume, or flush per litre of water with performance criteria being set and can be applied to sanitaryware including taps, showers, urinals, and baths.

<https://uwla.eu/technical-criteria/>

4.7 Audit Testing

Type 2 and Type 3 thermostatic mixing valves must be performance audit tested at regular intervals and is only applicable to primary approved products only. For 1+ certification this may be managed by the requirements detailed in the IQC scheme.

Type 3 thermostatic mixing valves must be performance audit tested **twice** within the 5-year certification cycle.

Type 2 thermostatic mixing valves must be performance audit tested **once** within the 5-year certification cycle.

In addition, the Installation and maintenance document and the valves identification will be verified as still being compliant.



5 Sampling

5.1 General

Test samples are required that are representative of the product range requiring certification. Samples for test are expected to be from a production batch with pre-production or prototype samples not being accepted for final certification.

When the Kiwa project Manager has all the required information the testing and costs for evaluation will be detailed in the quote and certification agreement.

When the quote and certification agreement has been signed and returned the samples required for test will be detailed in the form SR1.

5.2 Sampling requirements

As detailed in the Kiwa quality manual, deviation is allowed but this must be agreed with the certification Manager prior to sample selection being undertaken.

For Type 3 valves D 08 specifies the sample requirements (clause 4 of the standard).

5.3 Re-test/failure

When additional samples need be selected due to a failure in testing, samples must be selected in accordance with the requirements detailed above. The applicant shall also provide information upon why the failure has occurred and give detail of the remedial action (if any) undertaken so that the failure is not repeated. This shall be determined by the certification manager.

For Type 3 valves D 08 specifies the testing of further samples (Annex D of the standard).

5.4 Products which are already Kiwa certified products

Where a product is already certified by Kiwa ISO17065 certification scheme and the standard is considered appropriate (see 4.1) and additional tests/verifications have been undertaken (if any) then the product is deemed acceptable.

If the above is satisfied, then there is no requirement to undertake a pre-inspection of the manufacturer's premises.

The IQC and inspection audit plan will however need to be amended to include the UK specific requirements for additional audit testing (if required) and verification that the materials of construction are compliant with BS 6920.

5.5 The person undertaking the sampling

The person who undertakes the sampling shall be totally independent of the manufacturing company. The independence of the person making the sample selection shall be verified by the signing of a declaration.

Note:

Transport of valves by air without adequate protection against damage e.g., by freezing or depressurisation, is not advised as the performance of the valve may be affected.



6 Installation and Maintenance documents

An Installation and Maintenance (I&M) document in the English language shall be made available with the valves or a link provided to where the information can be found. This document shall include specific information upon the operating characteristics of the valve, maximum allowable temperatures and operational procedures and include the following:

Type 2 TMV

- a. Model number/product code must be detailed
- b. Operating conditions of use, pressure and temperature (hot and cold) table 1 in BS EN 111 and BS EN 1287.
- c. Statement that valves operating outside these conditions of use cannot be guaranteed to operate as Type 2 valves.
- d. Its designation of use:
LP (Low pressure to BS EN 1287) or HP (high pressure to BS EN 1111) or HP and LP if tested against both. Suffix B for bidet, S for shower, W for washbasin T for tub e.g., HP-S-T and LP-S-T. For valves that have an economy/water saving rating then suffix with 'E' e.g., HP-SE and LP-SE.
- e. Valves approved for designation of use HP only must state – if water supply is fed from a storage cistern by gravity, then the supply pressure should be verified to ensure the conditions of use are appropriate for the valve.
- f. Detail the recommended maximum set mixed water temperatures for applications of use.
- g. Include statement the recommended safe water temperature for children.
- h. Information upon the installation of the valve, this will include:
 - Requirements for the valve accessibility to commission and maintain the valve
 - If isolation valves are not provided, then a statement is required that states “The fitting of isolation valves is required and identify the preferred location
 - If strainers are not provided, then a statement is required that states “The fitting of strainers is recommended and identify the preferred location
- i. Information upon commissioning and testing of the valve, this will include.
 - Method of adjusted the mixed water temperature
 - Method for commissioning the valve
 - Statement that mixed water temperature at the terminal fitting should never exceed 46°C
 - Information on residual flow during cold water supply isolation test
 - Frequency of on-site testing (every 12 months)
- j. Reference to be made to the installation shall comply with the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999.
- k. Information on backflow.

Type 3 TMV

- a) Model number/product code must be detailed
- b) Operating conditions of use, pressure and temperature (hot and cold), table 1 in D 08.
- c) Statement that valves operating outside these conditions of use cannot be guaranteed to operate as Type 3 valves.
- d) Its designation of use LP (Low pressure) or HP (high pressure) suffix B for bidet, S for shower, W for washbasin T44 for tub fill at 44C or T46 for tub fill at 46C, D for diverter. e.g., HP-T44 and LP-T44. For valves that have an economy rating then suffix with 'E' e.g., HP-SE and LP-SE.
- e) Valves approved for designation of use HP only must state – if water supply is fed from a storage cistern by gravity, then the supply pressure should be verified to ensure the conditions of use are appropriate for the valve.
- f) Detail the recommended maximum set mixed water temperatures for applications of use.
- g) Information upon the installation of the valve, this will include:
 - Requirements for the valve accessibility to commission and maintain the valve
 - If isolation valves are not provided, then a statement is required that states “The fitting of isolation valves is required and identify the preferred location



- If strainers are not provided, then a statement is required that states “The fitting of strainers is recommended and identify the preferred location
- h) Information upon commissioning and testing of the valve, this will include.
- Method of adjusted the mixed water temperature
 - Method for commissioning the valve
 - Statement that mixed water temperature at the terminal fitting should never exceed 46°C
 - Method and frequency (see appendix F of D 08 as a minimum frequency) for performing the in-service tests
- i) Reference to be made to the installation shall comply with the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999.
- j) Information on backflow.

Tempering valves

- a. Model number/product code must be detailed.
- b. Statement that valves operating outside these conditions of use cannot be guaranteed to operate as a tempering valve.
- c. Its designation of use i.e.
Type 1 valves are non-adjustable valves having a pre-set temperature of 55 to 60°C.
Type 2 valves are adjustable with a pre-set temperature set by the manufacturer of the valve.
- d. Information upon the installation of the valve, this will include:
- Requirements for the valve accessibility to commission and maintain the valve.
 - the set temperature of the valve
 - the valves nominal flow rate
 - the valves temperature range of operation
 - If isolation valves are not provided, then a statement is required that states “The fitting of isolation valves is required and identify the preferred location
 - If strainers are not provided, then a statement is required that states “The fitting of strainers is recommended and identify the preferred location
 - Schematic drawing to show correct installation
- e. Information upon commissioning and testing of the valve, this will include.
- Method of adjusted the mixed water temperature
 - Method for commissioning the valve
 - Routine in-service tests
- f. Reference to be made to the installation shall comply with the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999.
- g. The following statement is required: The Distribution Tempering Control Scheme recommends that the system is installed with suitable test points in order that the performance of the tempering valve can be verified.
- h. If check valves are installed in the Tempering valve and they comply with EN 13959 then the installation document must refer to that fact.
- i. Information on backflow.



7 Marking

7.1 General

After receiving the Kiwa certificate, the certified product(s) packaging or installation documents etc may be indelibly marked with the following Kiwa UK Logo(s) as appropriate.

When displaying the Kiwa pictogram, the guidelines detailed in the Kiwa use of pictograms available on the Kiwa.com must be followed:

The product/packaging can be marked KUK Type 2, Type 3 or Tempering valve.

For further information please contact uk.marketing@kiwa.com





8 Requirements in respect of the quality system

8.1 General

This chapter contains the requirements which must be met by the supplier's quality system.

For system level 1+ the manufacturer of the product(s) will be subject to an initial site inspection of the manufacturing facilities to ensure that the manufacture of the product is suitable and that they have in place a suitable factory production control (fpc).

After certification is issued Kiwa will annually inspect the manufacturing facilities to ensure on-going acceptance of the quality system and that the product(s) continues to satisfy the performance requirements detailed in this evaluation guideline. The details of on-going inspection will be specified in the inspection plan that will be developed at the time of certification, see clause 9.

For system level 3 the manufacturer of the certified product(s) will be required to present evidence that they have in place a satisfactory factory production control e.g., ISO 9001 or provide details of their quality system that include as a minimum those controls detailed below.

If the applicant/certification holder is not the manufacturer, then the applicant must also have ISO 9001 accreditation at the time of the application or provide details of their quality system that includes as a minimum those controls detailed below and in Annex B.

8.2 Internal quality control/quality plan

The supplier shall have an internal quality control scheme (IQC scheme) which is applied & as a minimum details & records the following:

- what aspects are checked by the producer
- according to what methods such inspections are carried out
- how often these inspections are carried out
- in what way the inspection results are recorded and kept

This IQC scheme should at least be an equivalent derivative of the model IQC scheme included in the addendum.

8.3 Procedures and working instructions

The supplier shall be able to submit the following:

- procedures for:
 - dealing with products showing deviations
 - corrective actions to be taken if non-conformities are found
 - dealing with complaints about products and/or services delivered



9 Working instructions and inspection plans

This chapter contains a summary of the initial and on-going testing and inspections required for Type2/3 or tempering valve certification, level 1+ or level 3.

- Pre-certification tests
- Confirmation that the non-metallic material in contact with water are compliant with BS 6920 requirements
- Inspection of the quality system as appropriate 1+ or 3

The frequency with which Kiwa will carry out inspection and on-going testing is detailed in the inspection plan below.

9.1 Inspection plan, initial and on-going Level 1+

Description of requirement	Clause in standard	Pre-certification	Supervision by Kiwa after granting of certificate ¹⁾	
			inspection ²⁾	frequency (no./year)
TYPE 2:				
Thermostatic mixing valves BS EN 1111 & or BS EN1287				
Non-metallic materials compliant with BS6920 and within 5-year certification period. this EG	4.3	Y	Y	Every year
Functional requirements				
• Dimensions	9	Y	Y	Every year
• Water tightness	12 & 14	Y	Y	Every year
• flow rate	13.2	Y	Y	1/5
• sensitivity	13.3	Y	Y	1/5
• performance	13.4	Y	Y	1/5
	13.5			
• Torsional resistance	15	Y	Y	1/5
• Endurance as appropriate	16	Y	Y	
• Suite of audit tests, this EG	4.7	Y	Y	1 in 2.5
Marking, this EG	7	Y	Y	Every year
Marking	7.1	Y	Y	Every year
Quality, this EG	8	Y	Y	Every year
Installation doc, this EG	6	Y	Y	1 in 2-5
TYPE 3				
Thermostatic mixing valves (D O8)				
Material				
Non-metallic materials compliant with BS6920 and within 5-year certification period. this EG	4.3	Y	Y	Every year
Functional requirements				
• Water tightness	5.0	Y	Y	Every year
• flow rate	7.3	Y	Y	1/5
• Thermal performance tests, as applicable	7.4 – 7.12	Y	Y	1/5
• Durability on/off etc	6.1 -6.2	Y	Y	1/5
• Durability of thermostat	6.3			1/5
• Suite of audit tests, this EG	4.7			18 months
Marking, this EG	7	Y	Y	Every year
Marking	9	Y	Y	Every year
Quality, this EG	8	Y	Y	Every year
Installation doc, this EG	6	Y	Y	18 months



Description of requirement	Clause in standard	Pre-certification	Supervision by Kiwa after granting of certificate ¹⁾	
			inspection ²⁾	frequency (no./year)
Tempering mixing valves BS EN15092				
Non-metallic materials compliant with BS6920 and within 5-year certification period, this EG	4.3	Y	Y	Every year
Functional requirements				
• Dimensions	5.2	Y	Y	Every year
• Water tightness	6.1	Y	Y	Every year
• Bending moment	6.2	Y	Y	1/5
• Torque test	6.3	Y	Y	1/5
• Determination of flow		Y	Y	1/5
• Performance tests as applicable	7.2 – 7.9	Y	Y	1/5
• Endurance test on the thermostat	7.10	Y	Y	1/5
Marking, this EG	7	Y	Y	Every year
Marking >	11	y	y	Every year
Quality, this EG	8	Y	Y	Every year
Installation doc, this EG	6	Y	Y	1/3

¹⁾ In case of significant changes of the product or production process, compliance of the product to the performance requirements shall be determined

- ²⁾ Inspections as indicated are to be conducted either by
- the manufacturer in their own ISO 17025 accredited laboratory,
 - the manufacturer in presence of the inspector,
 - an ISO 17025 accepted accredited laboratory.

9.2 Inspection plan, initial and on-going Level 3

Description of requirement	Clause in this EG	Pre-certification	Supervision by Kiwa after granting certificate ¹⁾	
			On-going Inspection	frequency (no./year)
Non-metallic materials compliant with BS6920 and within 5-year certification period.	4.3	Y	N	Every 5 years
Thermostatic mixing valve Type 2	4.2	Y	N	Every 5 years
Thermostatic mixing valves Type 3	4.2	Y	N	Every 5 years
Tempering mixing valves	4.2	Y	N	Every 5 years
• Suite of audit tests Type 2	4.7	N/A	Y	1 in 2.5
• Suite of audit tests Type 3	4.7	N/A	Y	1 in 18 mths
Marking	7	Y	N	Every 5 years
Quality	8	Y	N	Every 5 years
Installation doc	6	Y	N	Every 5 years

¹⁾ In case of significant changes of the product or production process, compliance of the product to the performance requirements shall be determined.



10 Agreements on the implementation of certification

10.1 General

Beside the requirements included in these evaluation guidelines, the general rules for certification detailed in the 'Kiwa Regulations for Product Certification' are also applicable.

These Regulations specify:

- The general rules for conducting the pre-certification tests, to be distinguished in:
 - the way suppliers are to be informed about an application is being handled
 - how the tests are conducted
 - the decision to be taken because of the pre-certification tests
- The general directions for conducting inspections and the aspects to be audited (if any)
- The measurements to be taken by Kiwa in case of non-Conformities
- Measures to be taken by Kiwa in case of improper Use of Certificates, Certification Marks, Pictograms and Logos
- Terms for termination of the certificate
- The possibility to lodge an appeal against decisions of measurements taken by Kiwa
- Cancellation of certificates, see clause 10.15
 - a) Manufacturers who wish to cancel certificates must give 6 months' notice of cancellation. If cancellation is within 6 months of date of renewal, then 50 % payment of the following year invoice in respect of Administrative Fees and Annual Certificate Fees
 - b) After the cancellation has been notified, the manufacturer cannot mark their products with the relevant certification mark or claim compliance to the relevant certification mark
- Sleeping certificates
 - c) Manufacturers can request a sleeping certificate if there is no production of Kiwa UK Certified products during the period of the certificate is sleeping
 - d) The first year the sleeping certificate is issued there is no charge, however on every following year the certificate is sleeping the manufacturer is subject to 50 % payment of next year's invoice administrative fees and annual certificate fees

10.2 Certification staff

The staff involved in the certification may be sub-divided into:

- Project Managers: they oversee the evaluation process and co-ordinate inspections (if required) and pre-certification testing (if required)
- certification experts: they oversee carrying out the pre-certification tests and assessing the inspectors' reports
- inspectors: they undertake external inspections at the supplier's works
- decision-makers: they make the certification decisions after consulting the available information in connection with the pre-certification testing and inspections undertake.

10.3 Report pre certification tests

Kiwa accesses the results of the pre-certification tests in a report. This report shall comply with the following requirements:

- completeness: the reports verdicts about all requirements included in the evaluation guideline
- traceability: the findings on which the verdicts have been based shall be in a recorded traceable manner
- basis for decision: the decision maker shall be able to base his decision on the findings included in the report

10.4 Decision for granting the certificate

The decision for granting the certificate shall be made by a qualified decision maker which has not been involved in the pre-certification tests/evaluation. The decision shall be recorded in a traceable manner.

10.5 Lay out of certification certificate

The product certificate shall conform to the model included as appendix A.

10.6 Nature and frequency of inspections

The certification body for 1+ shall carry out inspections of the manufacture/supplier at regular intervals to check whether the manufacture/supplier complies with their certification obligations. The frequency of inspection(s) is decided by the Board of Experts at the time this Evaluation Guideline took effect, the frequency was set at a one inspection (duration up to 2 days) visit per year. The duration of the inspection is dependent upon the requirements specified in clause 9.1 of this Evaluation Guideline and the number of products certified by Kiwa.

Inspections shall at least refer to:



- The suppliers IQC-scheme and the results obtained from inspections carried out by the supplier
- The correct way of marking of certified products
- Complying with required procedures

The results of each inspection shall be recorded within a traceable report.

10.7 Interpretation of requirements

The Board of Experts may record the interpretation of requirements of these evaluation guidelines in one separate interpretation document.

10.8 Access for site inspection (if required)

KIWA shall be granted access to all facilities and production locations of the Company, except where precluded from doing so by restrictions included in agreements between the Company and KIWA or by government regulations, and where KIWA has been notified in advance and is satisfied as to the validity of these restrictions. Refused or delayed access may result in withdrawal of Certification.

10.9 Co-operation with Kiwa

Audits and sampling of Products by KIWA is for the benefit of the Company as well as in the public interest. While engaged in the performance of these duties, KIWA shall be given every assistance necessary, and shall have the right to examine all records, equipment, areas, personnel and Company's subcontractors; and investigation of complaints; bearing upon the duties and responsibilities of KIWA or the Company with respect to compliance with KIWA requirements.

While in a Company's facility, KIWA representatives shall comply with all applicable health and safety rules and be accompanied by authorised Company personnel. The Company shall notify KIWA in advance of any health and safety equipment necessary for access to the Company's facility, or shall provide the necessary health and safety equipment for the KIWA auditor's use during the audit, along with instructions for proper use.

KIWA auditors may discontinue an audit at a site where their health and safety may be at risk, if they are subject to sexual harassment or discrimination, or the conduct of the Company staff hampers the completion of a valid audit. The Company may, at any time for any reason, require that an auditor of KIWA leave the facilities of the Company. An auditor shall immediately notify executive management of the Company and KIWA if an audit is to be discontinued. If an audit is terminated its status is "attempted".

10.10 Company records of complaints about its certified products

The Company shall retain a record of complaints and remedial actions taken by the Company, and shall make the record available to KIWA upon request.

All complaints received by the Company, the subject of which is under the Company's control, and referring to Certified Products or services covered by the scope of the Certification provided by KIWA, are included in this policy. At a minimum, the record shall include:

- The nature of the complaint
- Identification of the Product and/or services pertinent to the complaint
- Confirmation that remedial action(s) have been taken
- The status (open or closed) of the complaint, as known to the Company

All records and other information provided to KIWA (upon request) shall remain the property of the Company and be handled by KIWA as confidential information.

10.11 Modification and or addition to certified product(s)

A modification or addition to a certified product must be made using the Application Form A3. The exact details of the modification/addition must be clearly stated with supporting evidence provided and if necessary highlighted in a general assembly drawing.

The Certification Manager and if appropriate the Senior Managers will then determine the test requirements (if any) for the modified and/or additional product(s).

If appropriate, test reports from the KIWA approved test laboratory will then be required prior to agreement for the modification.

10.12 Secondary certification

A secondary certification can be issued for products that already have a primary certification, this must be undertaken after permissions and clarifications have been received from the primary certification holder with supplementary information also being provided.

An application for a secondary certification must be made using the Application Form A2, this requires the following confirmations from the primary certification holder.

- Confirm that the products supplied to the secondary applicant are identical to the primary product(s)
- Confirm that the water pathways, materials, construction and method of manufacture is the same as that for the primary product(s)



- Give permission that the secondary applicant can use the existing Kiwa certification to progress this secondary certification. (the application form A2 requires reference to the existing approved product name and the corresponding secondary products designation (model no's))

The Secondary applicant must provide details of the secondary product(s) designation/name and the following information must also be provided:

- installation and maintenance document and if appropriate product literature
- Confirmation of the secondary applicants ISO 9001 or fpc
- Revised identification to appear on the secondary product(s)
- Details of the identification that will be used on the secondary product(s) The identification must satisfy the appropriate performance standard

The certification (evaluation) process (clause 3) is then followed, testing is not required if the product to be certified is exactly the same as that previously certified. The certification period will be the same as the primary certified product.

10.13 Fees

The following fees apply: -

- An assessment of the materials and documents
- An initial and annual certification fee per scheme
- A fee for the initial inspection assessment at the place of manufacture (if appropriate level 1+)
- Verification of fpc if ISO 9001 certificate is not available
- Hourly fee for additional work above that expected for an application
- Amendments to certifications and / or certification issues chargeable at the hourly rate

10.14 Complaints & appeals

Complaints and appeals regarding Type2/3 and tempering valve certification should be addressed to the Kiwa Certification manager in the first instance. This will be reviewed by the senior management team and if appropriate to the Board of experts and impartiality committee for resolution.

In the event of there being irreconcilable differences the Kiwa Regulations for the Board of appeal shall be followed.




10.15 Certification withdrawn

Certification may be withdrawn for the following reasons: -


- Expiration of certification
- Failure of an inspection, change of materials or not dealing with corrective actions (1+ only)
- Failure of an audit test
- Failure to maintain ISO 9001 certification (as required)
- Reported product failure in service
- Licence holder's request
- Breach of terms and conditions
- Non-payment of fees

Annex A: Model Certificate

Page 1 for Type 2 valve.

 CERTIFICATE	
	Certificate number: Year and month-01-(iss)
	Issued 20-07-2021
	Kiwa Type 2 Thermostatic Mixing Valve and KUKreg4 Certification
	Evaluation Guideline - Kiwa-UK - EG001 - Thermostatic mixing valves Evaluation Guideline - Kiwa-UK - EG004 - Regulation 4(1)(a) Model number(s) - see Appendix
	Company name
	Kiwa Watertec declares that legitimate confidence exists in the products specified in this certificate and supplied by the above organisation be relied upon to comply with the Kiwa Evaluation Guideline referred above.
	Which verifies the requirements of: EN-1111 Type 2 Thermostatic mixing valves (high pressure) EN-1287 Type 2 Thermostatic mixing valves (low pressure) Regulation 4(1)a of the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999 England & Wales; 2009 Northern Ireland and 2014 Byelaws Scotland
	This certificate has been issued in accordance with the Kiwa regulations for product certification.
	Signed on behalf of Kiwa Watertec  David Jay, Business Unit Manager - Authorised Signatory Kiwa Watertec

Publication of this certificate is allowed.
Products are intended to be used in the UK only. For other countries, other (National) requirements will apply.
See www.kiwa.co.uk/tmv to ensure that the certificate is still valid.
..... Page Break

<p>Kiwa Watertec (A Trading Division of Kiwa Ltd) 26A Waterside Industrial Estate Waterside Gosport NP23 5SD United Kingdom t +44 (0)1495 306185 uk.water@kiwa.com www.kiwa.co.uk</p>	<p>Certificate issued to: Address</p>	 
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Page 1 of 2



CERTIFICATE



Certificate number: Year-and-month-01-(iss)

Issued 20-07-2021

Kiwa Type-3-Thermostatic-Mixing-Valve-and-KUKreg4-Certification

Evaluation-Guideline--Kiwa-UK--EG001--Thermostatic-mixing-valves
Evaluation-Guideline--Kiwa-UK--EG004--Regulation-4(1)(a)
Model-number(s)--see-Appendix

Company-name

Kiwa Watertec declares that legitimate confidence exists in the products specified in this certificate and supplied by the above organisation be relied upon to comply with the Kiwa Evaluation Guideline referred above.

Which verifies the requirements of:

The-DoH:-Health-Technical-Memorandum-04-01:-Supplement-Performance-specification-D-08:-thermostatic-mixing-valves-(healthcare-premises).

Regulation-4(1)a-of-the-Water-Supply-(Water-Fittings)-Regulations-1995-England-&-Wales:-2009-Northern-Ireland-and-2014-Byelaws-Scotland.

This certificate has been issued in accordance with the Kiwa regulations for product certification.

Signed on behalf of Kiwa Watertec

David Jay, Business Unit Manager -- Authorised Signatory
Kiwa Watertec

Publication of this certificate is allowed

Products are intended to be used in the UK only. For other countries, other (National) requirements will apply. See www.kiwa.co.uk/tmv to ensure that the certificate is still valid.

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Kiwa Watertec
(A Trading Division of Kiwa Ltd)
25A Industrial Estate
Wilton
Gloucester
NP23 5SD
United Kingdom
t +44 (0)1452 308189
uk.watertec@kiwa.com
www.kiwa.co.uk

Certificate issued to:
Address:



Page 2 for Type 2 and 3 valve.

¶

Product Certificate →



Appendix to Certificate number: *****¶

¶

¶



The following products belong to this certificate¶

¶

Reference: S-number & REG4 approval number	□
Expiry:	□
Product description:	□
Models:	□
Designation of Use:	□
Marking:	□
Materials: Non-metallic materials assessed (BS 6920) to point of discharge	□
Backflow protection notes: Inlets fitted with SCV	□
Additional notes: inlets fitted with strainers	□
	□

¶

Extra Notes:¶

None.¶



Annex B: Model IQC-scheme

Subjects	Aspects	Method	Frequency	Registration
Raw materials or materials supplied: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Purchase specifications • Incoming inspection raw materials • Compliant with BS 6920 and still within the certification date i.e., 5 years 				
Production process, production equipment, material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • procedures • work instructions • equipment • release of product 				
Finished products				
Measuring and testing equipment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • measuring equipment • calibration 				
Logistics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • internal transport • storage • preservation • packaging • identification or marking of semi-finished and finished products • Complaints received • Deviations and corrective actions • Working instructions 				